# Design Tool 1.3: STEM Basics

*Directions:* Use this tool as a reference, as a checklist for your STEM classroom or program, and as a discussion/learning tool with teachers who are working together to teach STEM. Note that some basics must be scaffolded for elementary students.

### What Things Are in Place in a Quality STEM Education Program?

#### **STEM Curriculum**

- 1. Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics are applied to solve real-world problems and challenges.
- 2. STEM content areas are integrated in meaningful ways to solve problems or challenges.
- 3. Science and mathematics content is deep, grade-level appropriate, and applied.
- 4. An engineering design process drives student thinking and decision-making.
- 5. The STEM curriculum, over time, uses a broad range of engineering practices.
- 6. The STEM problems or challenges include explicitly stated limitations (constraints) and conditions that must be met (criteria) for a successful solution.
- 7. Multiple approaches and different possible solutions exist for solving the problem.

#### **STEM Instructional Practices**

- 8. Teachers use an inquiry-based and student-centered approach that involves students in active engagement and hands-on investigation.
- 9. Failure is regarded as okay, as a natural part of the design process, and an essential step toward creating an improved or successful solution.
- 10. Teachers connect the problems or challenges to STEM careers and applications, especially those of local relevance.

## **STEM Student Practices**

- 11. Students work in productive teams and use beneficial teamwork behaviors.
- 12. Students (in teams) brainstorm, design, and create prototypes to solve the problem; then test and evaluate their prototypes' performance and make decisions for redesign.
- 13. Students use effective communication approaches to describe their challenge and justify their results and/or recommendations.
- 14. Students demonstrate curiosity, innovation, entrepreneurship, and creativity.